Area[1]	Industry[2]	Feb . '22	Year	Employment	% Change
New Highs–79					
Huntsville, AL	Mining, Logging, and Construction	10,700	2021	10,100	6%
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO	Mining, Logging, and Construction	13,700	2021	13,200	4%
Sacramento--Roseville--Arden-Arcade, CA	Construction	74DC 0.00nnC70w 7.44 dJBaBTColn(C)-8.6H908 Tm(S)-5.4			

Area	Industry	Feb. '22	Year	Employment	% Change
Columbus, OH	Mining, Logging, and Construction	44,400	2020	42,500	4%
Mansfield, OH	Mining, Logging, and Construction	2,100	2020	2,000	5%
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA	Construction	76,400	2020	75,300	1%
Salem, OR	Construction	12,600	2020	12,300	2%
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC	*Mining, Logging, and Construction*	*70,000*	*2021*	*69,400*	*1%*
Rapid City, SD	Mining, Logging, and Construction	5,100	2008	4,800	6%
Sioux Falls, SD	Mining, Logging, and Construction	9,100	2021	8,500	7%
Chattanooga, TN-GA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	11,500	2021	11,300	2%
Clarksville, TN-KY	Mining, Logging, and Construction	3,700	2021	3,400	9%
Knoxville, TN	Mining, Logging, and Construction	20,600	2007	19,300	7%
Nashville-Davidson--Murfreesboro--Franklin, TN	Mining, Logging, and Construction	52,900	2021	49,600	7%
Amarillo, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	7,700	2019	7,600	1%
Austin-Round Rock, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	73,300	2020	70,300	4%
El Paso, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	18,000	2020	17,400	3%
Killeen-Temple, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	7,200	2020	7,100	1%
Lubbock, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	9,300	2020	8,800	6%
Waco, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	8,400	2020	7,900	6%
Logan, UT-ID	Mining, Logging, and Construction	3,600	2021	3,500	3%
Ogden-Clearfield, UT	Mining, Logging, and Construction	21,500	2021	21,100	2%
Provo-Orem, UT	Mining, Logging, and Construction	28,300	2021	26,600	6%
Salt Lake City, UT	Mining, Logging, and Construction	53,400	2021	50,400	6%
St. George, UT	Mining, Logging, and Construction	9,700	2021	9,400	3%
Olympia-Tumwater, WA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	7,200	2020	6,800	6%
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Div.	Construction	105,200	2020	102,600	3%
Spokane-Spokane Valley, WA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	15,300	2021	14,000	9%
Walla Walla, WA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	1,500	2021	1,400	7%
Wenatchee, WA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	3,100	2021	2,800	11%
Yakima, WA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	4,200	2020	4,100	2%
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA	*Construction*	*76,400*	*2020*	*75,300*	*1%*
Appleton, WI	Mining, Logging, and Construction	8,900	2020	8,500	5%
Fond du Lac, WI	Mining, Logging, and Construction	3,200	2020	3,100	3%
Madison, WI	Mining, Logging, and Construction	17,500	2019	17,000	3%
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	Mining, Logging, and Construction	5,500	2020	5,400	2%
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	*Mining, Logging, and Construction*	*77,600*	*2006*	*77,500*	*0.1%*
Cheyenne, WY	Mining, Logging, and Construction	4,400	2019	3,900	13%

			Previous February Low		
Area[1]	Industry[2]	Feb . '22	Year	Employment	% Change
New Lows–1					
Charleston, WV	Mining, Logging, and Construction	5,900	2021	6,400	-8%

Footnotes:

1Area: Metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) are designated by the Office of Management and Budget. MSAs generally cover one or more entire counties or county equivalents, or New England City and Town Area (NECTA) in the six New England states. There are 11 MSAs with more than 2,500,000 people. Employment in these MSAs is presented in two or more divisions (Div.) or subdivisions rather than for the MSA as a whole. See Metro Divisions tab for employment in those metros and each of their divisions. Click here for a list of counties in each MSA and division.

[2]Industry: The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) only reports construction employment combined with mining and logging in most metros, because of small sample sizes or to preserve confidentiality for industries with few employers. Metro data is not seasonally adjusted.